# Rotation Educational Objectives Anesthesia (PGY-1)

### Medical Expert

It is recognized that the resident may not be exposed to all elements of these objectives; however at the conclusion of the rotation the resident should demonstrate knowledge or competency in the following:

By the end of the rotation the resident will be able to:

- 1. Conduct a clinical preoperative assessment, including risk assessment, and basic anaesthetic plan.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the physical principles relating to anaesthesia equipment, as well as the safety aspects pertaining to this equipment, including equipment checking.
- Apply the physical principles of monitoring systems to the clinical practice of anaesthesia (e.g. EKG, pulse oximetry, non-invasive and invasive blood pressure monitoring, blood gas analysis, temperature monitoring, peripheral nerve stimulation)
- Demonstrate knowledge of the basic components of anaesthesia (Analgesia, Amnesia, Areflexia, Unconsciousness and Muscle Relaxation / Immobility) and the appropriate clinical application of these modalities
- 5. Assess, and manage, with appropriate supervision, the respiratory and hemodynamic status of the patient during the perioperative period.
- 6. Demonstrate knowledge of the pharmacology of commonly used drugs in the perioperative period, as well as drugs used during resuscitation
- 7. Demonstrate awareness of common drug interactions and the management of patients with common co morbidities.
- 8. Demonstrate proficiency in airway management, demonstrating competence with mask ventilation, airway insertion, direct laryngoscopy, and the use of lighted stylet and Laryngeal Mask Airway devices.
- 9. Secure peripheral intravenous access, and demonstrate familiarity with techniques of arterial and central venous cannulation.
- 10. Provide anaesthesia for ASA 1 and 2 patients undergoing uncomplicated surgery, with supervision

## Communicator

- 1. Obtain & synthesize relevant history from patient and family
- 2. Write clear consultation letters and progress notes
- 3. Explain anaesthesia procedures/treatments, including complications to patients and families in a clear and understandable form
- 4. Communicate effectively with patients and families.
- 5. Skillfully recognize and manage communication challenges

### Collaborator

- 1. Work cooperatively with other physicians, nurses, therapists and other members of health care team
- 2. Maintain professional relationships with other health care providers
- 3. Provide thorough handover of all patients being transferred out of the OR.

#### Leader

- 1. Effectively manage multiple tasks & demands on time (i.e., follows up on reports, prioritizes tasks appropriately)
- 2. Utilize health care resources safely, effectively
- 3. Utilize information technology effectively
- 4. Work effectively in a health care organization

#### Health Advocate

- Demonstrate familiarity with important determinates of health affecting
  patients undergoing anesthesia (e.g., smoking, obesity, drug or alcohol
  dependence, cervical disc problems, family history anesthetic problems)
  and address preventative measures
- 2. Advocate on behalf of patients

#### Scholar

- 1. Recognize gaps in knowledge and develop strategies to correct these
- 2. Read and prepare for scheduled clinical procedures
- Develop knowledge of current literature/journals and participates in journal clubs
- 4. Take an evidence-based approach to management problems
- 5. Accept and act on constructive feedback

#### Professional

- 1. Recognize limitations and seeks advice and consultation when needed
- 2. Exercise initiative within limits of knowledge and training
- 3. Discharge duties and assignments responsibly and in a timely and ethical manner
- 4. Report facts accurately, including own errors
- 5. Maintain appropriate boundaries in work and learning situations
- 6. Show respect of diversity of race, age, gender, sexual orientation, disability, intelligence and socio-economic status